

# Universal Feature-based Morphological Trees

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May 25, 2024



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unless otherwise stated

# Outline

An Overview

Exploited Resources

Workflow

Results

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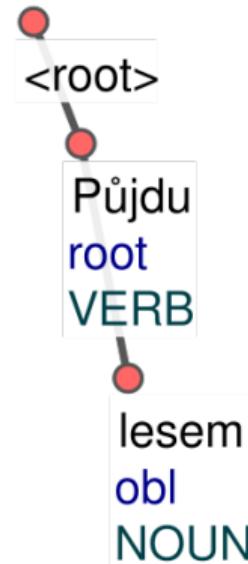
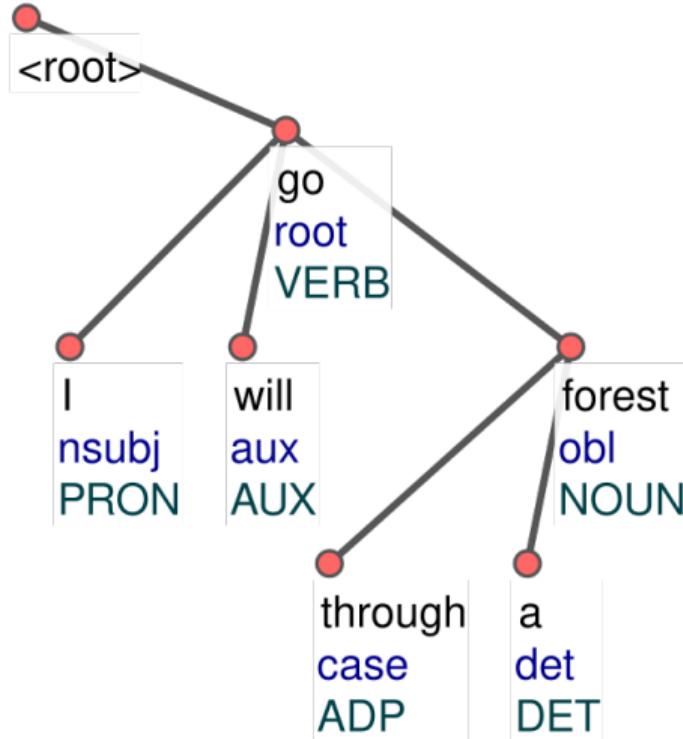
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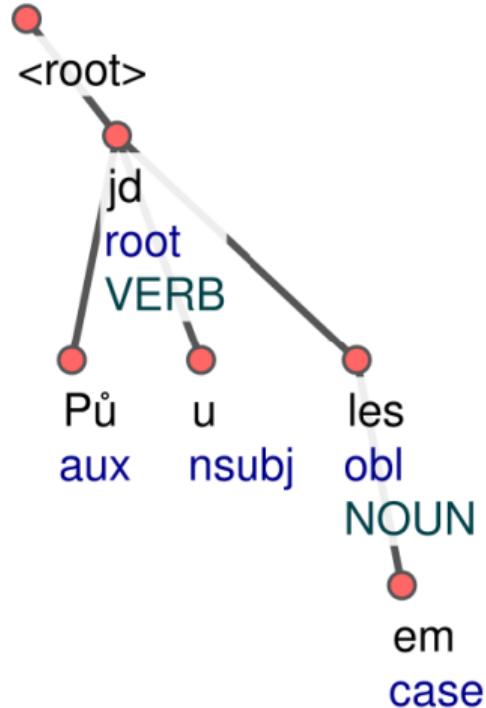
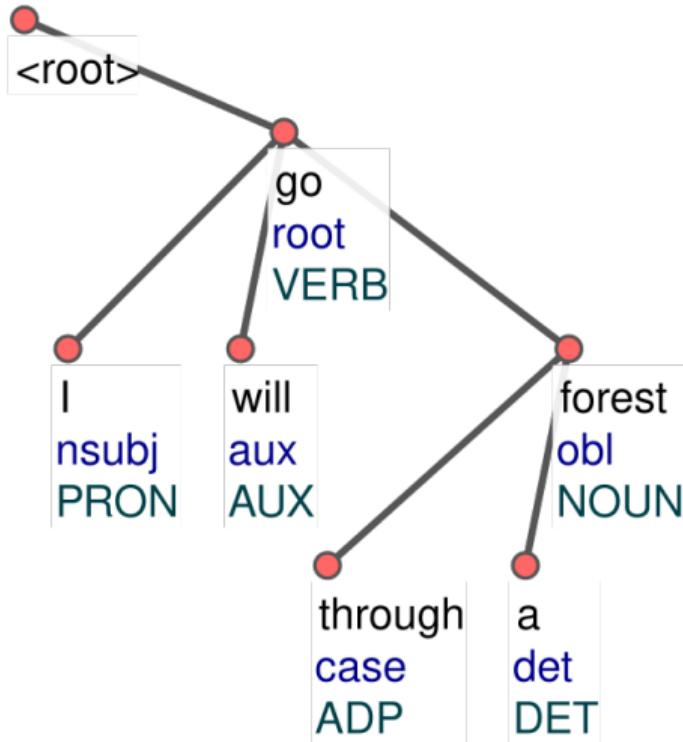
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# Comparability of Trees I



# Comparability of Trees II



# Features and Morphs

14	ten	ten	NUM	CD	NumForm=Word NumType=Card	15	nummod	15:nummod	_
15	letters	letter	NOUN	NNS	Number=Plur	13	obj	13:obj	_
16	from	from	ADP	IN	_	18	case	18:case	_
17	the	the	DET	DT	Definite=Def PronType=Art	18	det	18:det	_
18	kings	king	NOUN	NNS	Number=Plur	15	nmod	15:nmod:from	_
19	of	of	ADP	IN	_	20	case	20:case	_
20	Gezer	Gezer	PROPN	NNP	Number=Sing	18	nmod	18:nmod:of	_
21	swearing		swear	VERB	VerbForm=Ger	18	acl	18:acl	_
22	loyalty	loyalty	NOUN	NN	Number=Sing	21	obj	21:obj	_
23	to	to	ADP	IN	_	26	case	26:case	_
24	the	the	DET	DT	Definite=Def PronType=Art	26	det	26:det	_
25	Egyptian		Egyptian		ADJ	JJ	Degree=Pos	26	amod
26	pharaoh	pharaoh	NOUN	NN	Number=Sing	21	obl	21:obl:to	SpaceAfter=True
27	.	.	PUNCT	.	_	13	punct	13:punct	_

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# UniSegments

- **UniSegments** (Žabokrtský et al., 2022): collection of harmonized versions of 17 segmentation resources covering 32 languages.

Language	Resource
Czech	DeriNet
English	MorphoLex
French	Demonette
Italian	DerlvaTario
Latin	WordFormationLatin
Catalan	MorphyNet
Finnish	MorphyNet
German	MorphyNet
Hungarian	MorphyNet
Portuguese	MorphyNet

## UniMorph and SIGMORPHON data

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- **SIGMORPHON**: manually annotated Czech dataset made available for the SIGMORPHON 2022 Shared Task on Morpheme Segmentation (Batsuren et al., 2022).

# Universal Dependencies

- UD (de Marneffe et al., 2021): selected treebanks from version 2.12.

Language	Treebank
Czech	PUD, PDT
English	PUD, GUM
Finnish	PUD, TDT
French	PUD, GSD
German	PUD, GSD
Italian	PUD, ISDT
Portuguese	PUD, Bosque

Language	Treebank
Catalan	AnCora
Hungarian	Szeged
Latin	ITTB

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# Manipulation of Nodes I

- 0. In **SIGMORPHON** data?
  - 0.1 N: continue to 1
  - 0.2 Y: segment and quit

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0. In **SIGMORPHON** data?
  - 0.1 N: continue to 1
  - 0.2 Y: segment and quit
1. **Lemma** segmented in UniSegments?
  - 1.1 N: cs. *rok* → *rok*; continue to 3
  - 1.2 Y: cs. *prokonzul* ‘*proconsul*’ → *pro* + *konzul*; continue to 2

# Manipulation of Nodes II

## 2. Inflected form of a segmented lemma?

- 2.1 N: cs. *prokonzul*, *rok*
- 2.2 Y: S2.1 Form in **UniMorph**?

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en. *shortened* → *short* + *en* (US) + *ed* (string comparison)

2.2.2 Y: ca. *culturals*: *cultur* + *al* (US) + *s* (UM)

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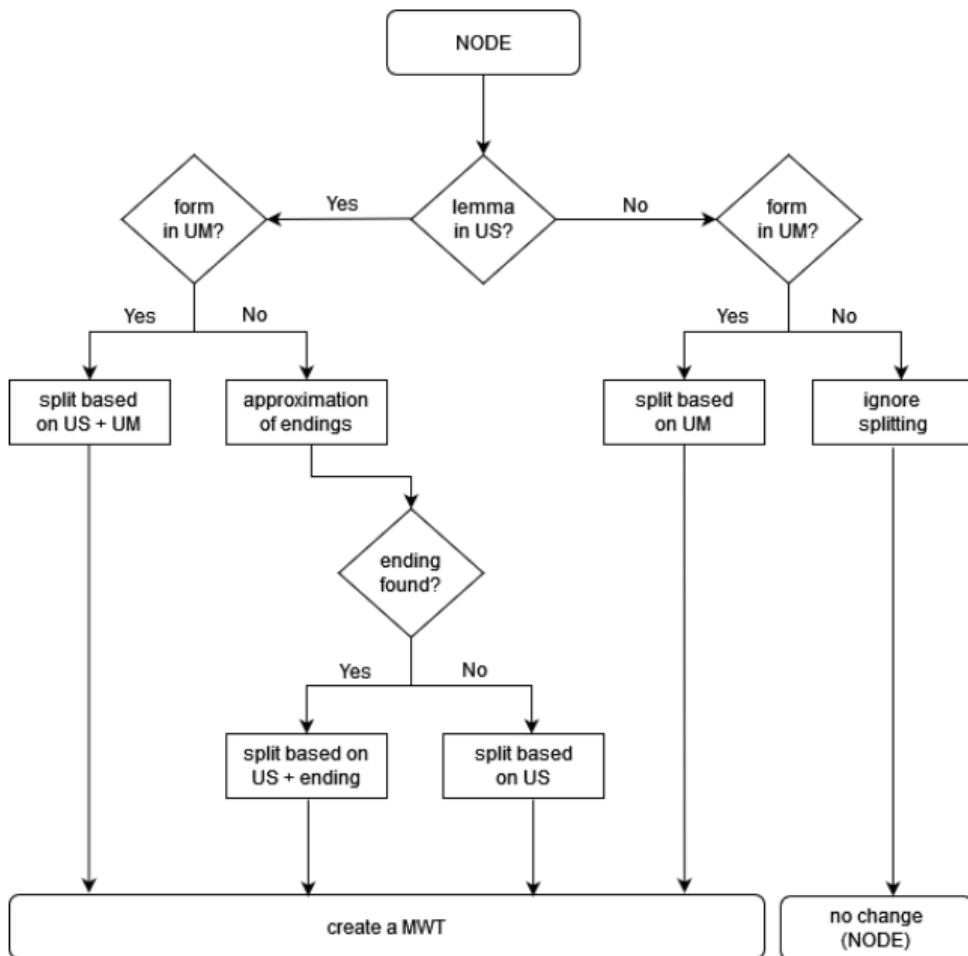
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2.2.2 Y: ca. *culturals*: *cultur* + *al* (US) + *s* (UM)

## 3. Unsegmented lemma, form inflected in UM?

3.1 N: la. *caelum* → *caelum*; no splitting

3.2 Y: fr. *travaillait* → *travailler* + *ait*



# Feature Extraction I

- *gyerekek* 'children': Number=Plur | Case=Nom
- *gyerek + ek* → *gyerek*: Number=Plur | Case=Nom  
*ek*: Number=Plur | Case=Nom
- *gyerek*: Number=Plur  
*gyerek*: Case=Nom                            *ek*: Number=Plur  
    *ek*: Case=Nom
- **ΔP scores** (Jenkins and Ward, 1965) as a measure of cue validity, i.e. measuring how strongly two events are linked.

$$\Delta P_{forward} = P(m|f) - P(m|\neg f) \quad (1)$$

$$\Delta P_{backward} = P(f|m) - P(f|\neg m) \quad (2)$$

## Feature Extraction II

Morph	Feature	ΔP forward	ΔP backward
ek	Case=Nom	-0.006	-0.146
ek	Number=Sing	-0.033	-0.431
ek	Person=3	0.031	0.427
ek	Definite=Ind	0.026	0.328
ek	PronType=Ind	0.064	0.099
ek	Mood=Ind	0.030	0.340
ek	Tense=Pres	0.032	0.344
ek	VerbForm=Fin	0.028	0.333
ek	Voice=Act	0.028	0.333
ek	<b>Number=Plur</b>	<b>0.163</b>	<b>0.531</b>

Morph	Number=Plur	ΔP forward	ΔP backward
<b>tunk</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.033</b>	<b>0.972</b>
<b>ok</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>0.232</b>	<b>0.852</b>
ak	5	0.165	0.690
ek	5	0.163	0.531
ai	1	0.033	0.972

# Conforming to UD

- **Lemma:**

- info about morpheme in US (if available).
  - la. *a**verto* 'to turn away' → *a* + *verto*; morph *a* associated to morpheme *a(b)*.
- else, lemma = form.

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- **Features:** feature-based alignment.

# Conforming to UD

- **Lemma:**

- info about morpheme in US (if available).
  - la. *averto* 'to turn away' → *a* + *verto*; morph *a* associated to morpheme *a(b)*.
- else, lemma = form.

- **POS:**

- head of MWT (stem): POS of the manipulated node.
- other tokens of MWT (morphs): X.

- **Features:** feature-based alignment.

- **Deprel:**

- Prefixes: `nmod:morph` if NOUN/PROPN, else `advmod:morph`.
- If single root: deprel of the manipulated node; `conj:morph` for the second (or +).
- Suffixes:
  - `aux:morph` for VERBs and AUXs.
  - `case:morph` for NOUNs, PROPNs, ADJs, DETs, PRONs, ADVs, NUMs, very rare ADPs.
  - else `dep:morph`.

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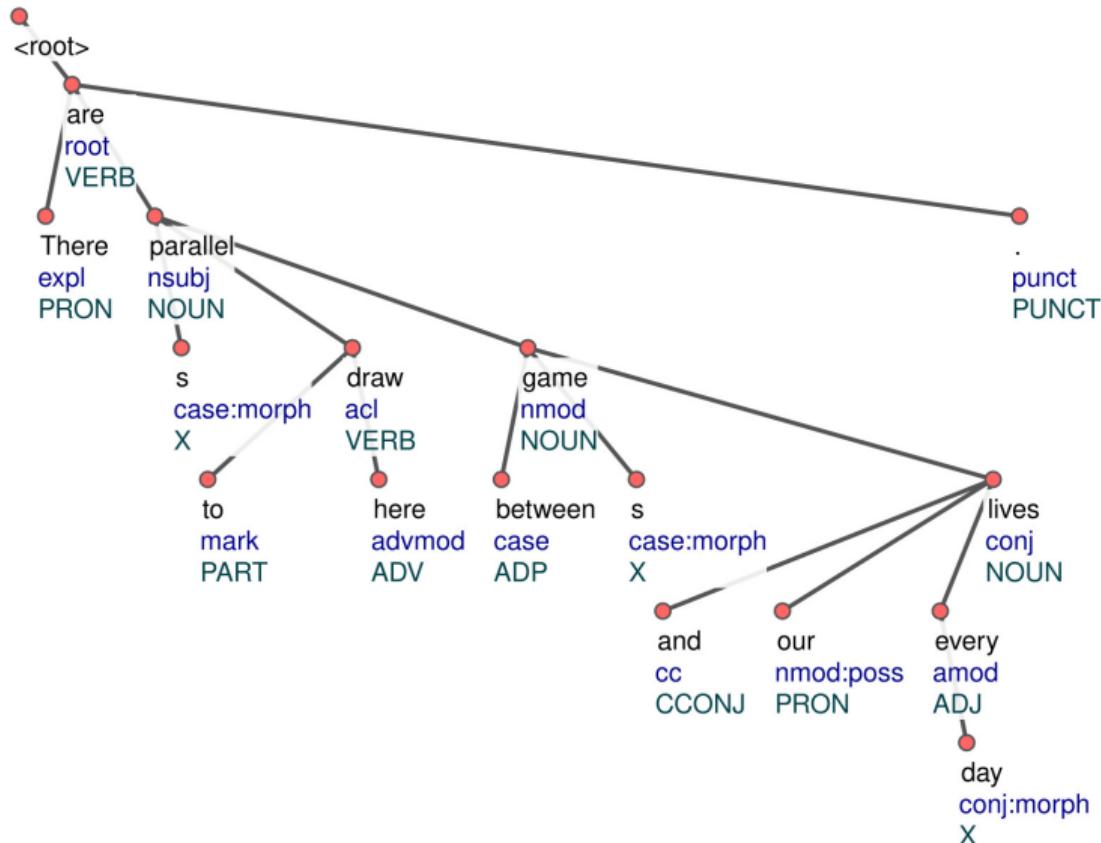
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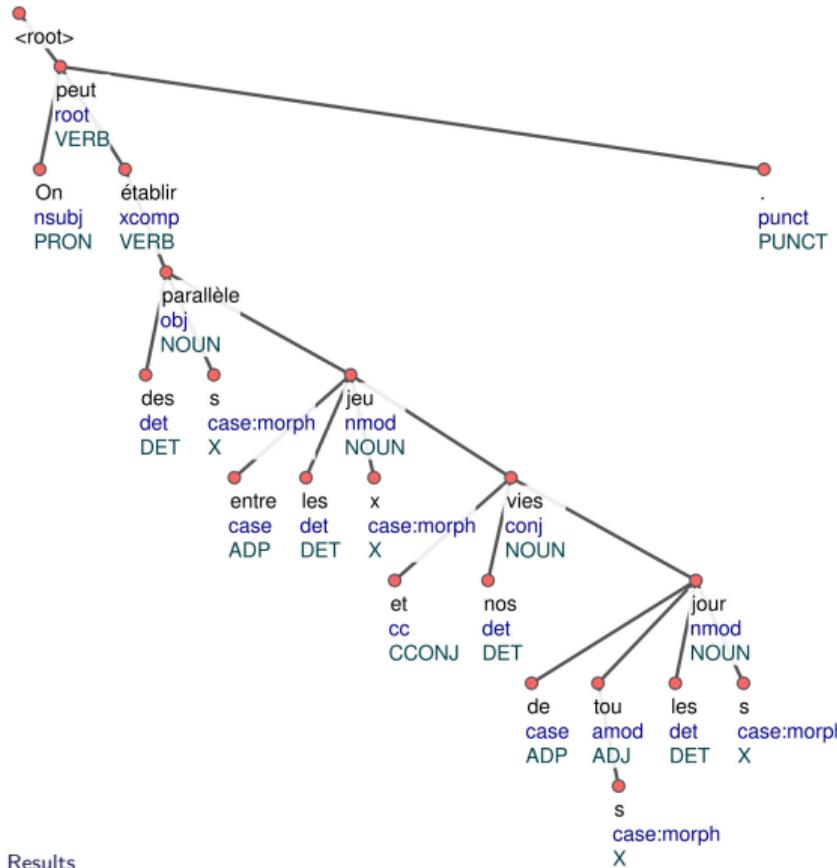
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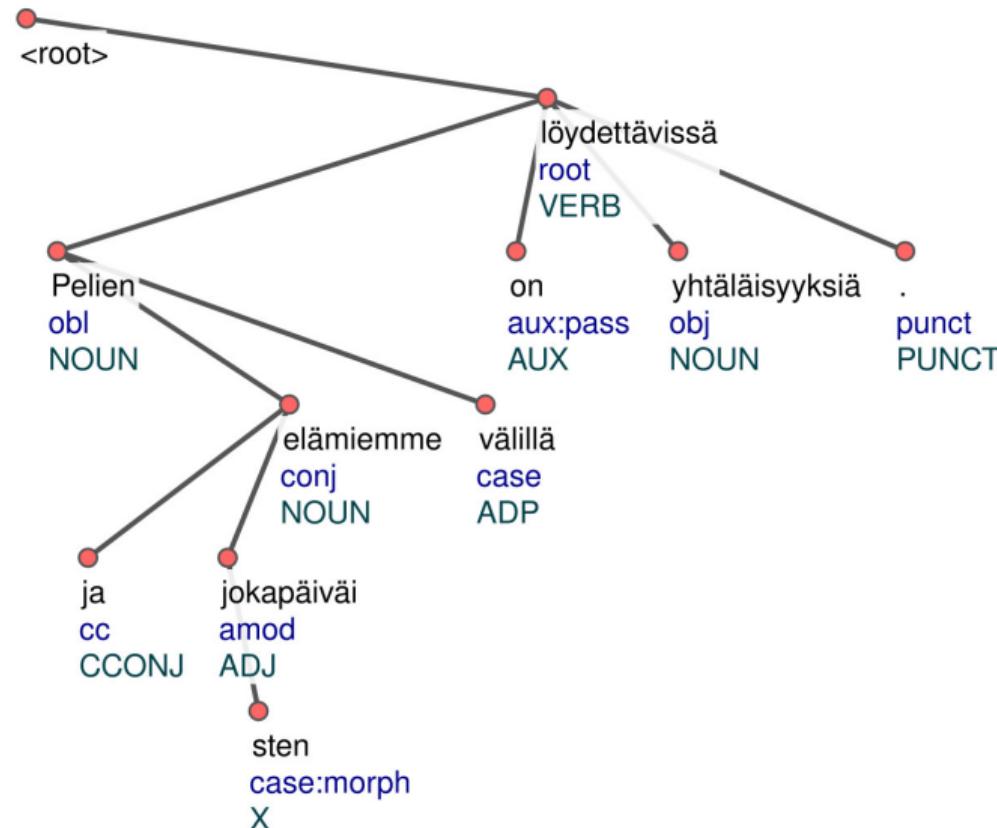
# Morphological Trees I



# Morphological Trees II



# Morphological Trees III



# CoNLL-U Representation

1	There	there	PRON	EX	2	expl		
2	are	be	VERB	VBP	Mood=Ind Tense=Pres VerbForm=Fin		0	
3-4	parallels							
3	parallel		parallel	-	–	–	2	nsubj
4	s	s	X		Number=Plur	3	case:morph	
5	to	to	PART	TO	6	mark	5:mark	–
6	draw	draw	VERB	VB	VerbForm=Inf	3	acl	
7	here	here	ADV	RB	PronType=Dem	6	advmod	
8	between	between	ADP	IN	–	9	case	
9-10	games							
9	game	game	NOUN	NNS	–	3	nmod	
10	s	s	X		Number=Plur	9	case:morph	
11	and	and	CCONJ	CC	–	15	cc	
12	our	we	PRON	PRP\$	Number=Plur Person=1 Poss=Yes PronType=Prs		15	nmod:poss
13-14	everyday							
13	every	every	ADJ	JJ	–	15	amod	–
14	day	day	X		Degree=Pos	13	conj:morph	
15	lives	life	NOUN	NNS	Number=Plur	9	conj	
16	.	.	PUNCT	.	–	2	punct	

## To Sum Up

- Novel **data structure**:
  - Integration of the morphological internal structure of words into a UD-like sentence representation.
  - To enhance comparability of languages that express comparable meaning through different grammatical strategies.
  - Focus on **cross-lingual correspondence of morphs**.
- Case study of 10 languages, leading to a prototype of methodology to manipulate UD treebanks.
- Existing segmentation resources employed:
  - Approach that ties the quality of our data to that of the employed resources.
  - Some limitations observed.

# Thank you!

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